Follow these nine principles to make your yard a Florida-Friendly TM Yard!

Right Plant, Right Place

Plants selected to suit a specific site will require minimal amounts of water, fertilizer, and pesticides.

Water Efficiently

Irrigate only when you lawn and landscape need water. Efficient water is the key to a healthy yard and conservation of limited resources.

Fertilize Appropriately

Less is often best. Over-utilization of fertilizer can be hazardous to your plants and the environment.

Mulch

Maintaining a 3" layer of mulch will help retain soil moisture, prevent erosion, and suppress weeds.

Attract Wildlife

Plants in your yard that provide food, water, and shelter can conserve Florida's diverse wildlife.



Manage Yard Pests Responsibly

Unwise use of pesticides can harm people, pets, beneficial insects, wildlife, and the environment.

Recycle

Grass clippings, leaves, and yard trimmings recycled on site provide nutrients to the soil and reduce waste disposal.

Reduce Stormwater Runoff

Water running off your yard can carry pollutants such as soil, debris, fertilizer, and pesticides, all of which can adversely impact water quality. Reduction of this runoff will help prevent nonpoint source pollution.

Protect the Waterfront

Waterfront property, whether on a river, stream, lake, or pond is very fragile and should be carefully protected to maintain water quality for both humans and wildlife.



The Foundation for The Gator Nation UNIVERSITY of FLORIDA An Equal Opportunity Institution

FLORIDA-FRIENDLY LANDSCAPINGTM

Plants for Baker County Landscapes



UF/IFAS Extension Baker County 1025 W. Macclenny Avenue, Macclenny (904) 259-3520 http://baker.ifas.ufl.edu

List of Plants for Baker County Landscapes

Trees:

American Elm

American Hornbeam

Bald Cypress

Black Gum

Bottlebrush Buttonbush

Carolina Ash

Chickasaw Plum

Chinese Elm

Crape Myrtle

Dahoon Holly

East Palatka Holly

Eastern Redbud

Elderberry

Flatwoods Plum

Florida Maple

Florida Privet

Flowering Dogwood

Fringetree

Green Ash

Halesia

Hawthorn

Indian Hawthorn

'Majestic Beauty'

Live Oak

Ligustrum

Loblolly Bay

Longleaf Pine

Loquat

Pond Cypress

Red Buckeye



Red Maple River Birch

Roundleaf Holly

Saucer Magnolia

Sawtooth Oak

Shumard Oak

Southern Blackhaw

Southern Magnolia Southern Red Cedar

Southern Red Oak

Spruce Pine

Swamp Chestnut Oak

Sweet Bay Magnolia

Sweetgum Sycamore

Tulip Poplar

White Ash

White Oak

Winged Elm

Yaupon Holly

Palms:

Cabbage Palm Canary Island

Date Palm

European Fan Palm

Needle Palm Pindo Palm

Windmill Palm

Shrubs:

Azaleas

Beautyberry

Bottlebrush

Butterfly Bush Buttonbush

Camellia

Carolina Allspice

Carolina Aster

Century Plant

Chaste Tree Chinese Juniper

Cleyera

Coontie

Dioon

Dwarf Palmetto

Firebush

Florida Flame Azalea

Florida Privet

Fortune's Mahonia

Gardenia

Glossy Abelia

Hawthorn

Hollies

(Many Species)

Hydrangea

Indian Hawthorn



Japanese Barberry Japanese Privet

Mahonia

Mockorange

Oakleaf Hydrangea Pineapple Guava

Pinxter Azalea



Pittosporum

Podocarpus Rusty Lyonia

Sandankwa

Viburnum Saw Palmetto

Selloum

Shrub Althea

Sparkleberry

Spiraea

Sweet Pepperbrush

Sweet Viburnum

Texas Sage

Titi Virginia Willow

Walter's Viburnum Wild Olive

Yucca

Groundcovers:

Algerian Ivy

Asiatic Jasmine

Autumn Fern

Bugleweed Caladium

Cast Iron Plant

Confederate Jasmine

Creeping Juniper

Elliot's Lovegrass

English Ivy

Fakahatchee Grass

Florida Gama Grass

Holly Fern

Lilly Turf,

Monkey Grass

Mondo Grass

Muhly Grass

Perennial Peanut

Periwinkle

Purple Lovegrass

Shore Juniper

Twin Flower

Wiregrass



Vines:

Algerian Ivy American Wisteria

Carolina Jessamine

Clematis

Climbing Hydrangea

Confederate Jasmine Coral Honeysuckle

Corky-stemmed

Passionflower

Cross Vine

English Ivy

Morning Glory,

Natives Only

Purple Passion Vine Trumpet Creeper

For more information about the plants listed, please visit http://baker.ifas.ufl.edu/ Horticulture/fact%20sheets.html or contact the Baker County Extension Office.